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OR

The intersection of two context-free languages may or may not be context-free. Also write an algorithm for a given any context-free grammar to determine whether or not it can generate any words.

- Differentiate the purpose of the study of Turing machine with Finite Automata/ Pushdown Automata.
  - What is Turing computable function? Define recursive function.
  - c) How UTM overcomes the limitation of Turing machine? Also define UTM.
  - Present a Turing machine that inserts symbol # in the beginning of a string on the turing tape. Assume  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ .

OR

Design a turing machine that adds two numbers presented in binary notation and leaves the answer on the tape in binary form.

- Define P and NP problems.
  - Discuss tractable and intractable problem.
  - Draw and explain commonly believed relationship between class P, NP, NP-complete and NP-hard.
  - Define and discuss vertex cover problem.

OR

Discuss and explain travelling sales man problem.

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CS - 505

Total No. of Questions :5]

B.E. V Semester

Examination, December 2015

Theory of Computation

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

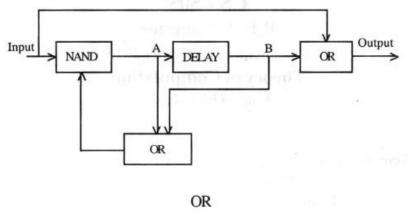
- Note: i) Answer five questions. In each question part A, B, C is compulsory and D part has internal choice.
  - ii) All parts of each questions are to be attempted at one place.
  - iii) All questions carry equal marks, out of which part A and B (Max.50 words) carry 2 marks, part C (Max.100 words) carry 3 marks, part D (Max.400 words) carry 7 marks.
  - iv) Except numericals, Derivation, Design and Drawing etc.
- Define DFA. List three household applications of finite Automata.
  - What is a trap state in FA? State and explain the properties of transition functions.
  - Design deterministic finite automation accepting the following languages over the alphabet  $\{0, 1\}$ :
    - i) The set of all words ending in 00.
    - ii) The set of all words except ε.
    - iii) The set of all words that begin with 0.

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OR

[3]

d) What do you mean by Automata with output capability? Draw a Mealy machine equivalent to the following circuit.



What do you mean by closure properties of regular languages? State these properties. State pumping Lemma and show that  $L = \{a^ib^i|i>=1\}$  is not a regular language.

2. a) Show that the following grammar is ambiguous

 $S \rightarrow aSbS|bSaS|\epsilon$  rgpvonline.com

- b) What are left most and right most derivations? Explain with suitable example.
- c) Why CFG is not considered adequate for describing natural language? Explain with suitable example.
- d) What do you mean by Normal forms? Reduce the grammar G with following productions to CNF.

$$S \rightarrow ASA|bA$$

$$A \rightarrow B|S$$

$$B \rightarrow c$$

What do you mean by useless production? Consider the grammar G = (V, T, P, S) where V, T, P, S are given as:

$$V = \{S, A, B, C, E\}$$

$$T = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$S = \{S\}$$
 and

P consists of

$$S \rightarrow AB$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

$$B \rightarrow b$$

$$B \rightarrow C$$

$$E \rightarrow c$$

Eliminate useless symbols and productions from the above grammar.

- 3. a) What is PDA? Explain instantaneous description of PDA.
  - b) State the difference between PDA and the FA.
  - Design a PDA to accept the language  $\{x \in \{a,b\} * | n_a(x) > n_b(x)\}$ .
  - d) Consider the grammar

$$S \rightarrow aA$$

$$A \rightarrow aABC|bB|a$$

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$$B \rightarrow b$$

$$C \rightarrow c$$

Construct PDA corresponding to this grammar. Also provide moves of the PDA and the left most derivation for any string in the language defined by the grammar.