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Roll No

EC 402
BE IV Semester
 Examination, June 2013
Electro-Magnetic Theory

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 70/100

- Note:** 1. Attempt any two questions in each unit.
 2. Each questions having equal marks.

Unit - I

1. a) A particular scalar field
- α
- is given by

i) $\alpha = 20e^{-x} \sin\left(\frac{\pi y}{6}\right)$

ii) $\alpha = \frac{40 \cos \theta}{r^2}$

Find its gradient at P (0,1,1) for Cartesians and

P (3, 60°, 30°) for spherical system.

- b) Eight point charges of 1nC each are located at the corners of a cube in free space that is 1m on a side. Find $|\vec{E}|$ at the center of
- i) The cube

- ii) A face and

- iii) An edge

- c) Prove that the divergence of the electric field and that of electric flux density in a charge free region is zero.

Unit - II

2. a) Prove Laplace's and Poisson's equation and show that they have Unique solutions.

- b) Given the potential field
- $V = \left(\frac{50 \sin \theta}{r^2}\right)V$
- in free space :

- i) Determine whether V satisfies Laplace's equation

- ii) Find the total charge stored inside the spherical shell
- $1 < r < 2$
- .

- c) consider a short copper wire of length '2L' and cross-section area
- a
- situated in the air coincident with z-axis at the origin. The current density J in positive z-direction. J is uniform through out the wire and constant with respect to time. Find the magnetic flux B every where at a large distance from wire using the concept of vector potential.

Unit - III

3. a) Given that
- $\vec{H}_1 = -2\vec{a}_x + 6\vec{a}_y + 4\vec{a}_z$
- in region
- $y-x-2 \leq 0$
- where
- $M_1 = 5 M_o$
- . Calculate
- \vec{H}_2
- and
- \vec{B}_2
- in the region
- $y-x-2 \geq 0$
- where
- $M_2 = 2 M_o$
- .

- b) A certain material has
- $\sigma = 0$
- and
- $H_R = 1$
- . If
- $\vec{E} = 800 \sin(10^6 t - 0.01z) \vec{a}_y$
- V/m move use of Maxwell's equations to find
- \vec{E}_R
- and find
- $\vec{H}(z,t)$

c) Write short notes on :

- i) Skin depth
- ii) Phase velocity
- iii) Intrinsic impedance

Unit - IV

4. a) In homogenous regions where $M_r = 1$ and $E_r = 50$, the fields are given as

$$\vec{E} = 20\pi e^{j(\alpha x - \beta z)} \vec{a}_x \text{ V/m and}$$

$$\vec{B} = M_0 H_0 e^{j(\alpha x - \beta z)} \vec{a}_y \text{ T. find } \omega \text{ and } M_0 \text{ if the wavelength is 1.75 meter.}$$

- b) Derive an expression for energy associated with plane electromagnetic wave and define poynting vector. Use it to find time average power density due to uniform plane in perfect dielectric.
- c) An FM wave travelling in a dielectric medium having dielectric constant 9 is incident at an angle on the dielectric-air interface. Determine
 - i) Critical angle
 - ii) If the angle of incidence is 15°
 Calculate the reflection coefficient for the perpendicular polarization.

Unit - V

5. a) Derive expression for transmitted and reflected field, when a plane electromagnetic wave is incident on the surface of a perfect dielectric.
- b) Light is incident from air to glass at Brewster's angle. Determine the incident and transmitted angles.

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- c) A generator of 1 volt, 1000 Hz supplies power to 1000 Km long open wire terminated in z_0 (characteristic impedance) and having following parameters :

$$R = 10.4 \Omega$$

$$L = 0.0037 \text{ H}$$

$$G = 0.8 \text{ M mhos}$$

$$C = 0.00835 \text{ Mf.}$$

Calculate the phase velocity characteristic Impedance and propagation constant.
