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## **MMTP-104** M.E./M.Tech. I Semester

Examination, June 2016

## Advanced Fluid Mechanics

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

- Note: i) Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.
  - ii) Assume missing data suitably, if any.
  - iii) Draw neat and clean sketches/diagrams/figures wherever required.
- 1. a) Define the following:

Total No. of Questions: 8]

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- i) Steady and Unsteady flow
- ii) Uniform and Non-uniform flow
- iii) Laminar and Turbulent flow
- b) Define the following types of fluids: Ideal fluid, Real fluid, Newtonian fluid, Non-Newtonian fluid, Ideal Plastic fluid.
- An oil having viscosity of 1.42 poise and specific gravity 0.9 flows through a pipe 25 mm diameter and 300 m long at Reynolds number of 1800. Find the flow through the pipe and the power required to maintain the flow.
  - b) A flow field on the xy-plane has the velocity components. u = 3x + y u = 2x - 3yShow that the circulation around the circle  $(x-1)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 4$  is  $4\pi$ .
- What do you mean by Reynolds Transport Theorem? State its statement, significance and applications.
  - b) What are Flow Nets in fluid mechanics? Draw and discuss.

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- Discuss One, Two and Three dimensional flow with examples.
  - b) What is Boundary Layer? Define laminar and turbulent boundary layer. Discuss Prandtl's Boundary Layer Equation.
- 5. Derive an expression for the velocity distribution for viscous flow through a circular pipe. Also sketch the velocity distribution and shear stress distribution across a section of the pipe.
- 6. a) What are the causes which result in Separation of Boundary Layer? Explain.
  - b) Glycerin of viscosity 0.88 N/m<sup>2</sup> and specific gravity 1.26 is pumped through a horizontal pipe of diameter 30 mm at a flow rate of 50 lit/min. Determine whether the flow is laminar or turbulent. Find also the pressure loss due to the frictional resistance in a length of 9 m and the power required.
- 7. A turbine is to operate under a head of 25 m at 200 rpm. The discharge is 9 m<sup>3</sup>/sec. If the efficiency is 90%, determine:
  - Specific speed of the machine,
  - Power generated,
  - Type of turbine,
  - Performance under a head of 20 meters
- Write short notes on following: (any two)
  - Superposition of elementary flows
  - Laminar and turbulent boundary layer
  - Stagnation and sonic properties
  - Prototype testing of centrifugal pumps
  - Hydraulic pump and Its applications

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